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## **WRITING - 5**

School	Teacher	Email		Course#	Grade Level	
Lettie Brown Elementary School	VanDerVoorn, Lauri	Lauri.VanDe	erVoorn@morton709.org	WR2500	5	
August 2015				[5	Show Icon	~
Quarter 1						
Content =	Skills =		Assessment =	Resources =		
NOTE: Months, genres, vocabulary, and lesson topics may all be interchanged based on teacher preference.  In this unit, students will explore the narrative genre of fantasy or mystery. Students will learn that in a fantasy there are elements of things that cannot happen in the real world. (such as talking animals, time travel, etc.) And there are elements of suspense that may lead a reader to expect one conclusion, but are surprised with another outcome. The focus of the unit will be on using the narrative elements (character, plot, setting, conclusion) in a different way to develop an element of adventure.	Character Plot Setting Conclusion  Conventions and Grammar  Address conventions and grammar  Address conventions and grammar throughout the unit  Key Vocabulary: Point of view  Character: (protagonist/antagonist, character, secondary character)  Setting Plot: conflict, rising action, falling a Conclusion: resolution  Conventions: indent paragraphs, spwords correctly, punctuation, capita simple sentence structure  Presentation: oral fluency, volume, dillustration	main ction pell common alization,		by Chris V accompan  Mentor Text Ideas  Nov	Mysteries of Harris Burd an Allsburg and ying posters :  rel/Read Aloud: My puntain, Holes, Fable antasy)	Side

September 2015

Book Review				
Content =	Skills =	Assessment =	Resources =	
NOTE: Months, genres, vocabulary, and lesson topics may all be interchanged based on teacher preference.  In this unit students will learn to give an opinion related to a book and support it with reasons and evidence. They can state their opinion about a book and give evidence to support their ideas. The focus will be on analyzing the characters in the story - and giving their opinions and support of whether they thought the character was believable, likeable, interesting, or showed unique traits that make them an important part of the story.  Teachers can provide examples of book reviews written by true reviewers, teachers, or other students. Before students write their own individual reviews, the class can participate in a shared writing activity for practice. For example, the class can write a book review together for a book that they have all read.	Lesson Topics:  Forming an opinion  Validating an opinion  Word Choice  Presentation  Voice  Author Study  Summarizing  Linking words/phrases  Conventions and Grammar  Address conventions and grammar throughout the unit	organization: hook/lead, supporting details/evidence from text, opinions, facts, conclusion  voice/word choice/ sentence fluency: persuasive language, transition words  ideas: clear opinion statements  presentation: font size, layout, white-space, bold words, italics, graphics, oral fluency, volume, eyecontact	Instructional Resources:  Storyworks Magazine Grade appropriate novels  Mentor Text Ideas:  BrainPop video: Opinion Writing YouTube video: How to Write in Fifth Grade-Persuasive Essay-Hire Me for a Job, YouTube video: How to Write in Fifth Grade-How to Write a Hook BrainPop: Facts and Opinion  BrainPop: debate	

October 2015

End of Quarter 1 - Beginning of Quarter 2 Skills = Content = Assessment = Resources = UNIT OF STUDY Overview Point of View See Rubric Instructional Resources: Character:(protagonist/antagonist, main character, secondary character) Storytown (Theme 1)- Line Drive, Thomas Edison, Rope Burn
• Pumpkin Festival NOTE: Months, genres, vocabulary, and lesson topics may all be interchanged based on teacher preference. Plot: conflict (self vs. self, self vs. environment, self vs. others), rising action, falling action Mentor Text Ideas: This unit focuses on students seeing the experiences in their lives worthy of writing about. Students will learn to craft stories from their lives, using details in a step by step order, and themselves as one of the characters. They will also learn strategies for elaboration in order to stretch out their stories. Adjectives
 Mastering the Mechanics P106
 Read Aloud/Novel Conclusion: resolution Conventions: indent paragraphs, spell common words correctly, punctuation, capitalization, simple sentence structure Read Moud/Novel
Suggestions: There's a Boy in the
Girls' Bathroom, The Landry
News, War with Grandpa

BrainPop: Point of View
Read, Write, Think: Story Presentation: oral fluency, volume, eye-contact, illustration elaboration in order to stretch out their stories. Teachers will teach students to focus their pieces by zooming in on the important idea or "small moment" of a piece and staying with that idea across several pages. Map

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The writing process is highlighted as students learn how to cycle through generating ideas/collecting, choosing a seed idea, drafting, revising, editing, publishing, celebrating.  • Characters • Temporal words • Adding details • Expanding ideas  APPROXIMATE TIMEFRAME: Beginning of year (Theme 1 in Storytown)				
November 2015				
Continue Writing Curriculum from Second Q	uarter			
Content =	Skills =	Assessment =	R	Resources =
NOTE: Months, genres, vocabulary, and lesson topics may all be interchanged based on teacher preference.	1			
December 2015				
Second Quarter writing Curriculum				
Content -	Skills =	Assessment =	R	Resources 🗏
<u>NOTE</u> : Months, genres, vocabulary, and lesson topics may all be interchanged based on teacher preference.				
January 2016				
End of Second Quarter/Third Quarter Beginn Content	Skills SKY VOCABULARY	Assessment =	Resources 🖃	
interchanged based on teacher preference.  Students will write an informational book. They will select a narrowed topic of interest and write to teach others about this topic.  Students will learn strategies for researching information related to their topic, while also will learn skills to organize the information and research they gather about their chosen topic.  Students will use informative text structure when writing. Fifth graders can begin to organize their informational writing with a descriptive (main idea with details), sequential, or comparison (compare/contrast) text structure.  Students will add clarity to their informational text by adding a table of contents, headings, bold words, illustrations and diagrams, and possibly graphs and/or charts.  Lesson Topics:  Native Americans  Early Presidents/Fathers of our country  Causes of wars in America	ideas: select an idea (topic), narrow the idea (focus), elaborate the idea (development), choose research that supports the topic (details)  organization: hook/lead, develop the middle of the paper using clearly linked details, conclusion to satisfy the reader, outline  voice: appropriate vocabulary for informative text  word choice: paraphrase  sentence fluency: transition words/phrases, vary sentence length and structure  presentation: font size, layout, white space, bold words, italics, graphics, captions, headings, revising, editing, publishing, works cited (resources) internet safety valid sources		S   S   S   S   S   S   S   S   S   S	nal Resources: "Thomas Edison" Social Studies The Ocean Story Field trips National Geographic Nonfiction Craft Lessons: Teaching formation Writing K-B. Informational Text (8 ini-Lessons), pgs 118-135 Explorations in Nonfiction Writing: formational Writing Projects, pgs 1-50 xt Ideas: BrainPop: biography BrainPop: Citing Sources BrainPop: Citing Sources BrainPop: Clagarism BrainPop: Choosing a Topic BrainPop: Get Your Ideas Straight BrainPop: Outline BrainPop: Note taking skills Appropriate Internet activity to teach tation validation: tp://zapatopi.net/treeoctopus http://zapatopi.net/treeoctopus http://www.readwritethink.org/ http://www.readwritethink.org/ StoryyWorks magazine graphic
Explorers  Food Chain  Animal/plant adaptations  Paraphrasing/consolidating information from multiple sources  Citing sources/plagiarism  Main idea/details  Multimedia: Keynote, Prezi, etc.  Staying on topic  Grouping information/organization  Illustrations and captions			or • I	storyworks magazine graphic rganizers BrainPop: Parallel Structure Webby (located a bottom of page)

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Presenting			
Note taking			
Conventions and Grammar			
Address conventions and			
grammar throughout the unit			
o Formatting			
February 2016	<u> </u>		1
Second Quarter Writing Curriculum			
Content =	Skills =	Assessment =	Resources
NOTE: Months, genres, vocabulary, and lesson topics may all be interchanged based on teacher preference.			
March 2016			
How To Writing	L		
Content =	Skills  Lesson Topics:	Assessment  See Rubric.	Resources SUPPORTING TEXT
NOTE: Months, genres, vocabulary, and lesson topics may all be interchanged based on teacher preference, organization:		Gee Nashio.	Instructional Resources:
hook/lead, supporting details/evidence from text, opinions, facts, conclusion	Simple Machines project		"It Takes Talent" (Lettie Brown and Grundy)
	Sequencing		Peanut butter and jelly     Simple Machines
voice/word choice/ sentence fluency: persuasive language, transition words	Transitional words		Nonfiction Craft Lessons: Teaching     Information Writing K-8. "Using
language, transition words	Presentation		Specifics with How-to Writing, pg 90"
ideas: clear opinion statements	Organization		Writing Mini-Lessons for Upper Grades, Focused Writing: "How-To"
	Multimedia		Writing (9 Mini-Lessons) pgs 108- 117
presentation: font size, layout, white-space, bold	Formatting		Mentor Text Ideas:
words, italics, graphics, oral fluency, volume, eye-contact	Conventions and Grammar		Nonfiction Craft Lessons: Teaching Information Writing K-8, "Using
	Address conventions and		Specifics with How-to Writing, Appendix E, pg 119
hook/lead	grammar throughout the uni	t	BrainPop: Writing in Sequence
materials/supply lists			Language Arts textbook
steps in sequence			
conclusion to engage the audience			
Lesson Topics:			
Simple Machines project			
<ul> <li>Sequencing</li> </ul>			
Transitional words			
<ul> <li>Presentation</li> </ul>			
<ul> <li>Organization</li> </ul>			
<ul> <li>Multimedia</li> </ul>			
<ul> <li>Formatting</li> </ul>			
Conventions and Grammar			
<ul> <li>Address conventions and grammar throughout the unit</li> </ul>			
Lesson Topics:			
Simple Machines project			
<ul> <li>Sequencing</li> </ul>			
Transitional words			
• Presentation			
<ul> <li>Organization</li> </ul>			
Multimedia			
<ul> <li>Formatting</li> </ul>			
Conventions and Grammar			

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Address conventions and	I	I	I
grammar throughout the unit			
multimedia/presentation tools (iMovie, video, PicCollage, iPad)			
April 2016			
End of Third quarter/Beginning of Fourth quarter			
Content ■	Skills	Assessment =	Resources =
NOTE: Months, genres, vocabulary, and lesson topics may all be interchanged based on teacher preference. THe focus of this unit is to provide students with practice responding to questions about a piece of text within a given time frame. They will learn how to use their tools of brainstorming, drafting, revising, and editing all within a short period of time. They will also focus on giving details from a given text to support their ideas.  Paraphrasing  Responding  Responding  Responding  Rewriting question/prompt  Main Idea/details  Showing evidence/proving an opinion  Compare/Contrast  Conventions and Grammar  Address conventions and grammar throughout the unit	Evidence     Citing sources     Compare     Contrast     Textual Evidence     Supporting Details     multimedia	See Rubric.	Instructional Resources:
May 2016			
Fourth Quarter	Skills 🗔	Assessment	Pacauraes 🗐
Content NOTE: Months, genres, vocabulary, and lesson topics may all be interchanged based on teacher preference. In this unit students will learn to give an opinion related to a book and support it with reasons and evidence. They can state their opinion about a book and give evidence to support their ideas. The focus will be on analyzing the characters in the story-and giving their opinions and support of whether they thought the character was believable, likeable, interesting, or showed unique traits that make them an important part of the story.  Teachers can provide examples of book reviews written by true reviewers, teachers, or other students. Before students write their own individual reviews, the class can participate in a shared writing activity for practice. For example, the class can write a book review together for a book that they have all read	Skills Lesson Topics:  Forming an opinion  Validating an opinion  Word Choice  Presentation  Voice  Author Study  Summarizing  Linking words/phrases  Conventions and Grammar  Address conventions and grammar throughout the unit	Assessment organization: hook/lead, supporting details/evidence from text, opinions, facts, conclusion  voice/word choice/ sentence fluency: persuasive language, transition words  ideas: clear opinion statements  presentation: font size, layout, white-space, bold words, italics, graphics, oral fluency, volume, eyecontact	Instructional Resources:  Storyworks Magazine Grade appropriate novels  Mentor Text Ideas:  BrainPop video: Opinion Writing YouTube video: How to Write in Fifth Grade-Persuasive Essay-Hire Me for a Job, YouTube video: How to Write in Fifth Grade-How to Write a Hook BrainPop: Facts and Opinion  BrainPop: debate
June 2016			
Content	Skills =	Assessment	Resources